

RYLR400

426/433/470 MHz LoRa

Low Power Long Range

Transceiver Module

Datasheet



13mm*11mm*2.2mm



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The RYLR400 transceiver module features the LoRa long range modem that provides ultra-long range spread spectrum communication and high interference immunity whilst minimising current consumption.

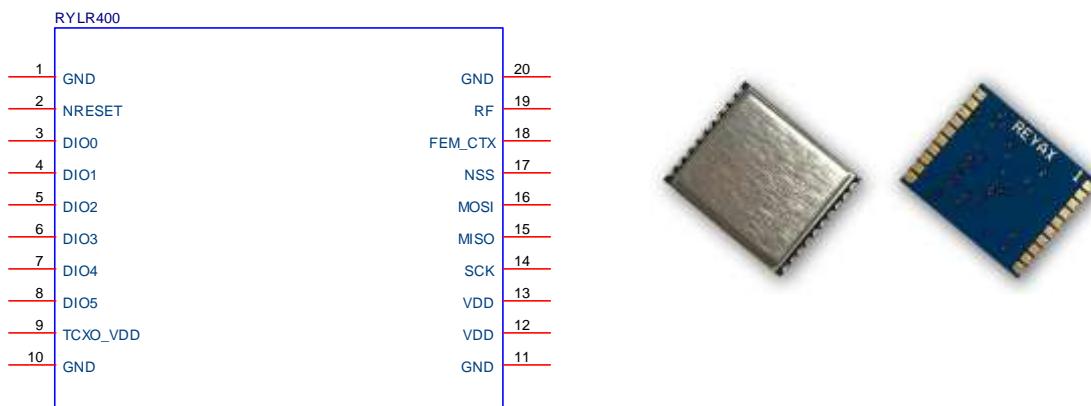
FEATURES

- Semtech SX127x Engine
- High efficiency Power Amplifier
- Excellent blocking immunity
- Low Receive current
- High sensitivity
- 127 dB Dynamic Range RSSI

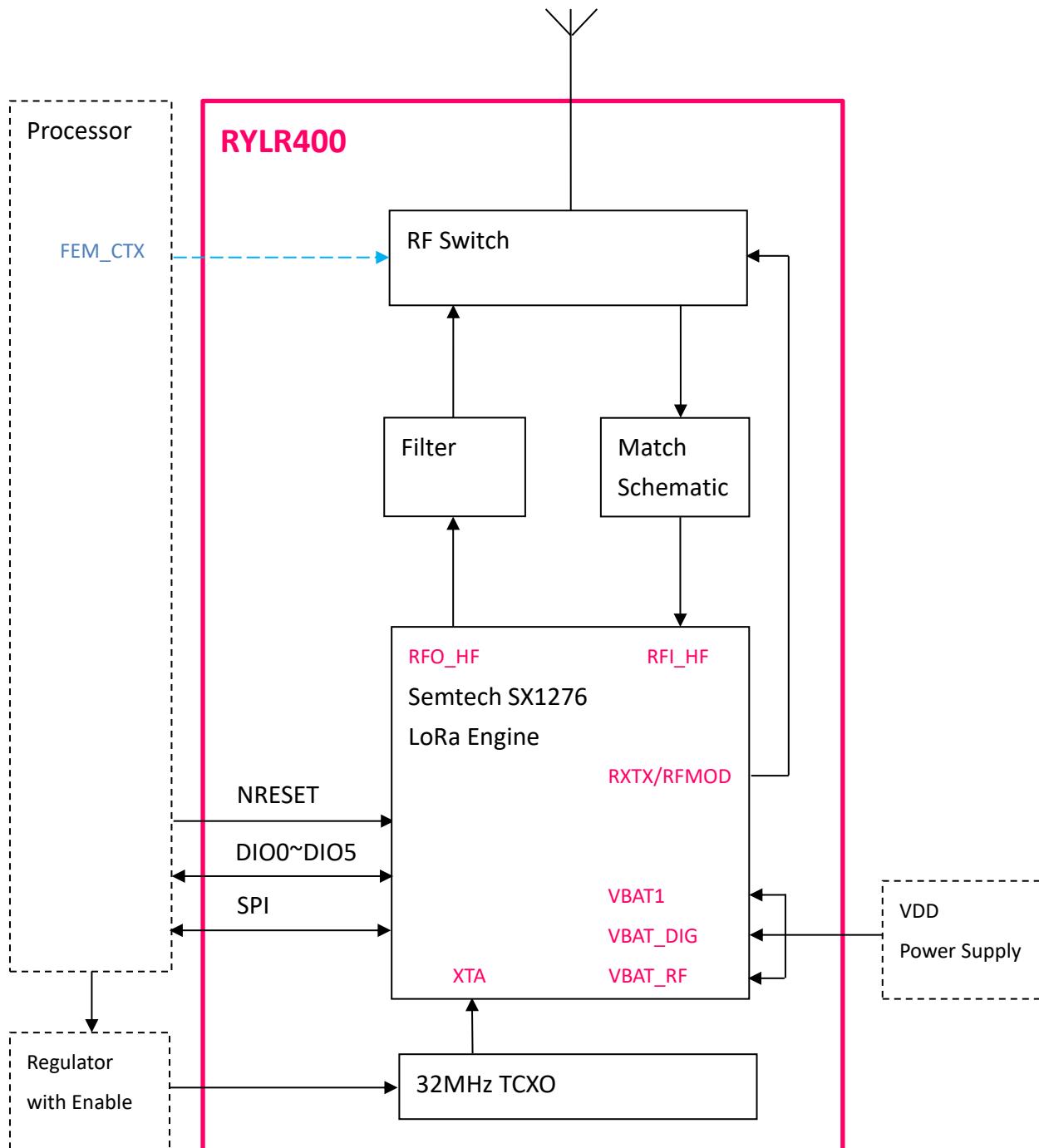
APPLICATIONS

- IoT Applications
- Mobile Equipment
- Home Security
- Industrial Monitoring and Control Equipment
- Car Alarm

PIN DESCRIPTION



BLOCK DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATION

Item	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Condition
VDD Power Supply	2.8	3.3	3.6	V	
TCXO Power Supply	1.7		3.3	V	1.7mA
TCXO Accuracy		±2.5		ppm	
TCXO Long-term Frequency Stability		±1		ppm /Year	
RF Output Power Range	-4		15	dBm	
Filter insertion loss	1	2	3	dB	
Harmonic			-36	dBm	
RF sensitivity	-148			dBm	
RF Input Level			10	dBm	
Frequency Range	410	433	525	MHz	
Transmit Current		29		mA	RFOP = +13 dBm
Receive Current		11.5		mA	LNA Boost On
Standby Current		1.6		mA	Crystal oscillator enabled
Sleep Current		0.2		uA	
Communication Range		4		KM	Open Space 125KHz
Digital input level high	0.8		VDD	V	VIH
Digital input level low			0.2	V	VIL
Digital output level high	0.9			V	VOH I _{max} = 1 mA
Digital output level low			0.1	V	VOL I _{max} = -1 mA
Operating Temperature	-40	25	+85	°C	
Dimensions					13mm*11mm*2.2mm
Weight		1		g	

REFLOW SOLDERING

Consider the "IPC-7530 Guidelines for temperature profiling for mass soldering (reflow and wave) processes, published 2001.

Preheat phase

Initial heating of component leads and balls. Residual humidity will be dried out. Please note that this preheat phase will not replace prior baking procedures.

- Temperature rise rate: max. 3 °C/s If the temperature rise is too rapid in the preheat phase it may cause excessive slumping.
- Time: 60 - 120 s If the preheat is insufficient, rather large solder balls tend to be generated. Conversely, if performed excessively, fine balls and large balls will be generated in clusters.
- End Temperature: 150 - 200 °C If the temperature is too low, non-melting tends to be caused in areas containing large heat capacity.

Heating/ Reflow phase

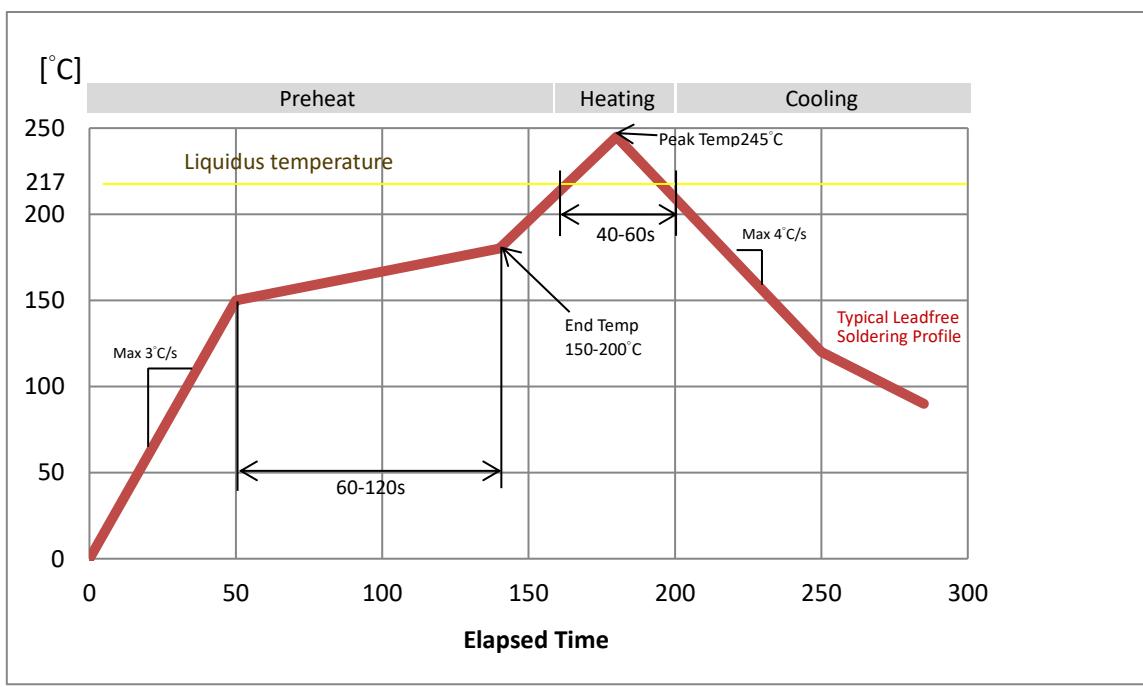
The temperature rises above the liquidus temperature of 217°C. Avoid a sudden rise in temperature as the slump of the paste could become worse.

- Limit time above 217 °C liquidus temperature: 40 - 60 s
- Peak reflow temperature: 245 °C

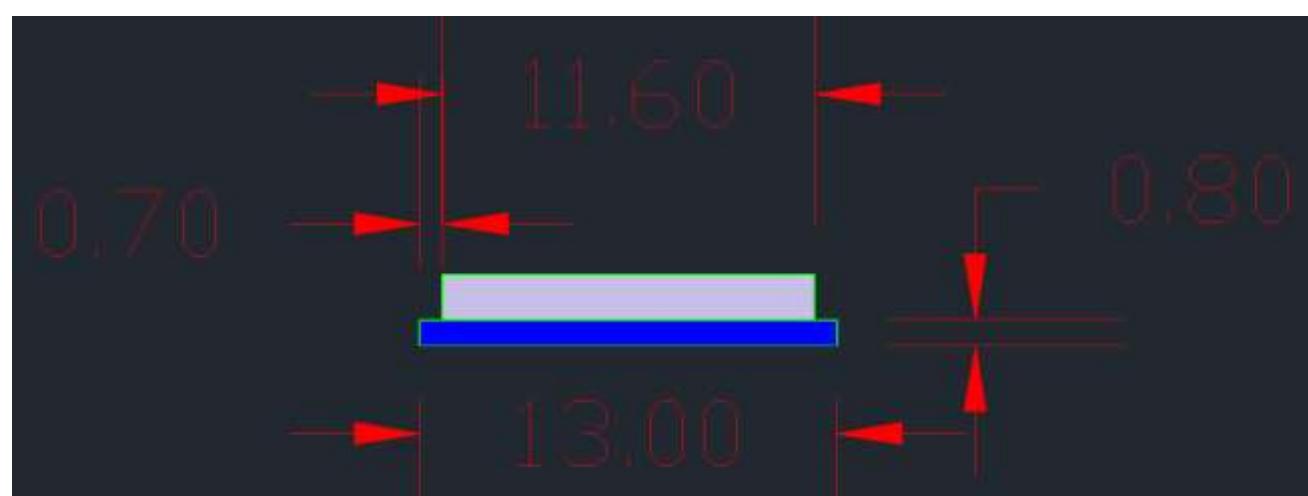
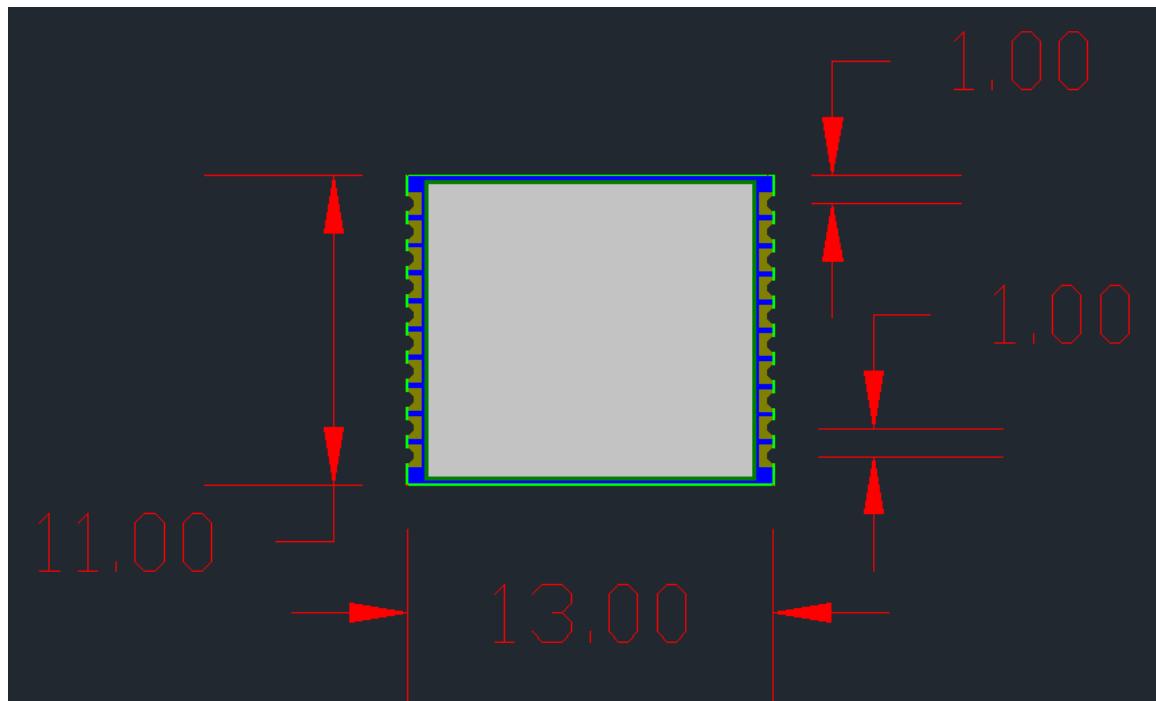
Cooling phase

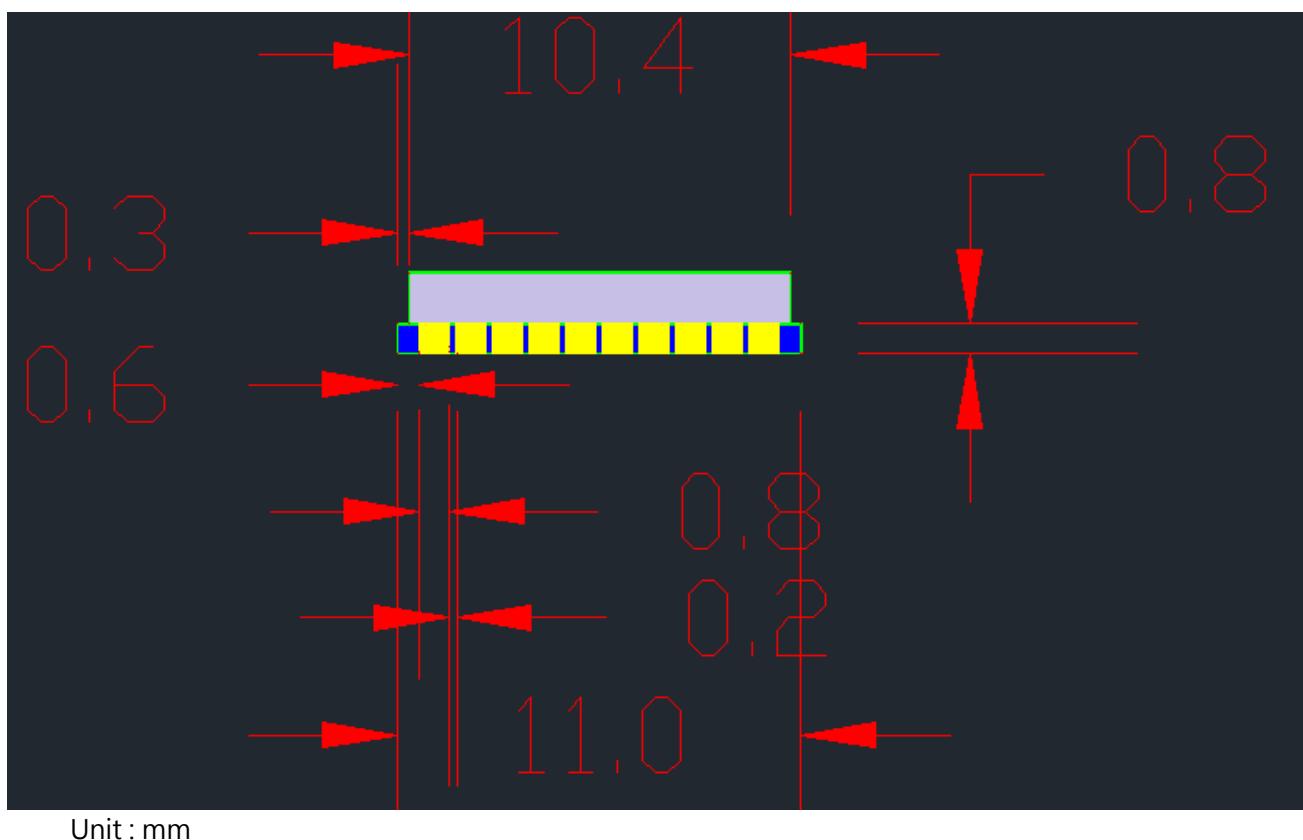
A controlled cooling avoids negative metallurgical effects (solder becomes more brittle) of the solder and possible mechanical tensions in the products. Controlled cooling helps to achieve bright solder fillets with a good shape and low contact angle.

- Temperature fall rate: max 4 °C/s To avoid falling off, the REYAX RYB070I module should be placed on the topside of the motherboard during soldering.



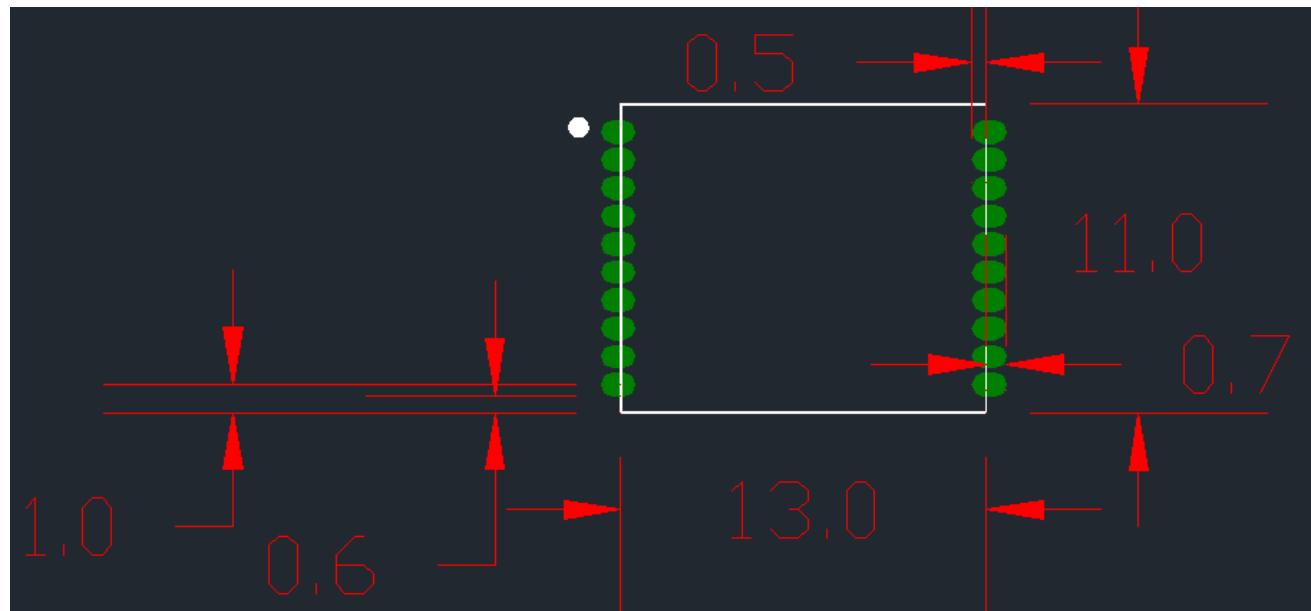
DIMENSIONS





Unit : mm

LAYOUT FOOTPRINT RECOMMENDATIONS



Unit : mm

REYAX
TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, LTD

Taiwan: sales@reyax.com
China: sales@reyax.com.cn
<http://reyax.com>